§200.32(a) or (b), or by the end of the first full school year after the LEA has identified the school for improvement under §200.32(c), the LEA must identify the school for corrective action under §200.42.

- (b) If a school was subject to corrective action on January 7, 2002, the LEA must— $\,$
- (1) Treat the school as a school identified for corrective action under §200.42 for the 2002-2003 school year; and
- (2) Not later than the first day of the 2002-2003 school year—
- (i) In accordance with §200.44, provide public school choice to all students in the school;
- (ii) In accordance with §200.45, make available supplemental educational services to eligible students who remain in the school; and
- (iii) Take corrective action under §200.42.
- (c) An LEA may remove from corrective action a school otherwise subject to the requirements of paragraphs (a) or (b) of this section if, on the basis of assessments administered by the LEA during the 2001–2002 school year, the school makes AYP for a second consecutive year.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1810-0576)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6316) [67 FR 71721, Dec. 2, 2002]

\$ 200.34 Identification for restructuring.

- (a) If a school continues to fail to make AYP after one full school year of corrective action under §200.42, the LEA must prepare a restructuring plan for the school and make arrangements to implement the plan.
- (b) If the school continues to fail to make AYP, the LEA must implement the restructuring plan no later than the beginning of the school year following the year in which the LEA developed the restructuring plan under paragraph (a) of this section.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1810–0576)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6316(b)(8))

[67 FR 71721, Dec. 2, 2002]

§ 200.35 Delay and removal.

- (a) *Delay.* (1) An LEA may delay, for a period not to exceed one year, implementation of requirements under the second year of school improvement, under corrective action, or under restructuring if—
- (i) The school makes AYP for one year; or
- (ii) The school's failure to make AYP is due to exceptional or uncontrollable circumstances, such as a natural disaster or a precipitous and unforeseen decline in the financial resources of the LEA or school.
- (2) The LEA may not take into account a period of delay under paragraph (a) of this section in determining the number of consecutive years of the school's failure to make AYP.
- (3) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the LEA must subject the school to further actions as if the delay never occurred.
- (b) *Removal*. If any school identified for school improvement, corrective action, or restructuring makes AYP for two consecutive school years, the LEA may not, for the succeeding school year—
- (1) Subject the school to the requirements of school improvement, corrective action, or restructuring; or
- (2) Identify the school for improvement.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6316(b)) [67 FR 71721, Dec. 2, 2002]

§ 200.36 Communication with parents.

- (a) Throughout the school improvement process, the State, LEA, or school must communicate with the parents of each child attending the school.
- (b) The State, LEA, or school must ensure that, regardless of the method or media used, it provides the information required by §§ 200.37 and 200.38 to parents—
- (1) In an understandable and uniform format, including alternative formats upon request; and
- (2) To the extent practicable, in a language that parents can understand.
- (c) The State, LEA, or school must provide information to parents—
- (1) Directly, through such means as regular mail or e-mail, except that if a